

**LESSON**  
**1-1**

**Practice B**

**Measures of Central Tendency and Variation**

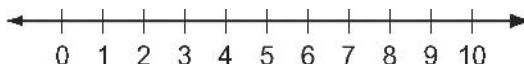
**Find the mean, median, and mode of each data set.**

- |                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 1. { 12, 11, 17, 3, 9, 14, 16, 2 } | 2. { 6, 9, 9, 20, 4, 5, 9, 13, 10, 1 } |
| a. Mean _____                      | a. Mean _____                          |
| b. Median _____                    | b. Median _____                        |
| c. Mode _____                      | c. Mode _____                          |

**Make a box-and-whisker plot of the data. Find the interquartile range.**

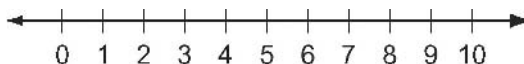
3. { 3, 7, 7, 3, 10, 1, 6, 6 }

\_\_\_\_\_



4. { 1, 2, 3, 5, 3, 5, 8, 2 }

\_\_\_\_\_



**Find the variance and standard deviation.**

- |                                       |                                       |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 5. { 7, 4, 3, 9, 2 }                  | 6. { 35, 67, 21, 16, 24, 51, 18, 32 } |
| _____                                 | _____                                 |
| 7. { 19, 23, 17, 20, 25, 19, 15, 22 } | 8. { 5, 12, 10, 13, 8, 11, 15, 12 }   |
| _____                                 | _____                                 |

**Solve.**

9. The probability distribution for the amount of rain that falls on Boston in May each year is given below. Find the expected amount of rain for Boston in May. \_\_\_\_\_

<b>Inches of Rain, <math>n</math></b>	5	6	7	8
<b>Probability</b>	0.05	0.10	0.64	0.21

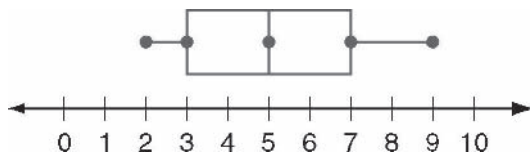
10. A biologist is growing bacteria in the lab. For a certain species of bacteria, she records these doubling times: 41 min, 45 min, 39 min, 42 min, 38 min, 88 min, 43 min, 40 min, 44 min, 39 min, 42 min, and 40 min.
- Find the mean of the data. \_\_\_\_\_
  - Find the standard deviation. \_\_\_\_\_
  - Identify any outliers. \_\_\_\_\_
  - Describe how any outlier affects the mean and the standard deviation. \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

# Answers for Unit 1

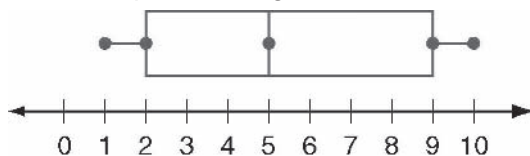
## 1-1 MEASURES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY AND VARIATION

### Practice A

- a. 5.25  
b. 5  
c. 2, 5
- a. 9  
b. 9.5  
c. 11
- 6.07
- 2.05
- Interquartile range is 4.



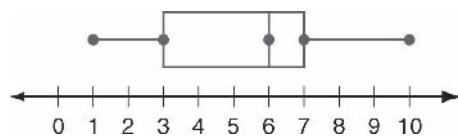
- Interquartile range is 7.



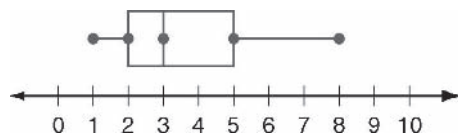
- 13; 3.6
- 4.7; 2.2

### Practice B

- a. 10.5  
b. 11.5  
c. None
- a. 8.6  
b. 9  
c. 9
- Interquartile range is 4.



- Interquartile range is 3.

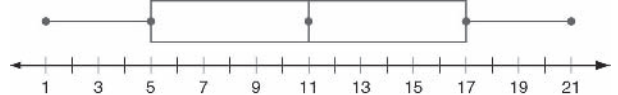


- 6.8; 2.6
- 278; 16.7

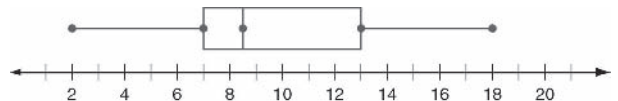
- 9.3; 3.0
- 8.4; 2.9
- 7.01
- a. 45.1  
b. 13.1  
c. 88  
d. The mean increases from  $\approx 41.2$  to  $\approx 45.1$ , and the standard deviation increases from  $\approx 2.1$  to  $\approx 13.1$ .

### Practice C

- Possible answer: {4, 4, 8, 9, 10}
- Possible answer: {3, 6, 12, 14, 15}
- Interquartile range is 12.



- Interquartile range is 6.



- 35.1; 5.9
- 176.2; 13.3
- 18.6; 4.3
- 37.6; 6.1
- 2.28

- a. 17.7  
b. 14.3  
c. 65  
d. The mean increases from  $\approx 13.4$  to  $\approx 17.7$ , and the standard deviation increases from  $\approx 1.2$  to  $\approx 14.3$ .

### Review for Mastery

- 5
- Expected value =  $x_1p_1 + x_2p_2 + x_3p_3 + x_4p_4 + x_5p_5$
- $\approx 6.9$
- 3
- 1, -2, 2, 0, -2, 2, 0, 1
- 1, 4, 4, 0, 4, 4, 0, 1
- 2.25
- 1.5

### Challenge

- Greater than; the sum is the same for both, and in the first case you divide by 94 rather than 100.